



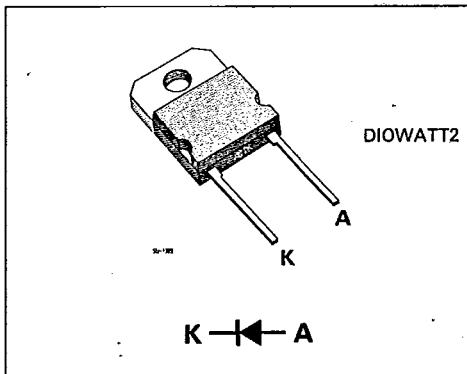
SGS45R80

ADVANCE DATA

HIGH SPEED SWITCHING APPLICATIONS

- VOLTAGE RANGE: 800V
- AVERAGE CURRENT: 45A
- VERY LOW REVERSE RECOVERY TIME: t_{rr} 125ns
- VERY LOW SWITCHING LOSSES
- LOW NOISE TURN-OFF SWITCHING

Typical applications include freewheel diodes in motor control systems.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | | | |
|-------------|---|------------|----|
| V_{RRM} | Peak repetitive reverse voltage | 800 | V |
| V_{RWM} | Working peak reverse voltage | 800 | V |
| V_R | Continuous reverse voltage | 800 | V |
| I_{FRM} | Repetitive peak forward current ($t=10\mu s$) | 600 | A |
| $I_{F(AV)}$ | Average forward current $T_{case}=70^\circ C$ (switching operation, $\delta=0.5$) | 45 | A |
| I_{FSM} | Surge non repetitive forward current ($t=10ms$) | 450 | A |
| P_{tot} | Total dissipation at $T_{case}=70^\circ C$ | 90 | W |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature | -65 to 150 | °C |
| T_j | Max. operating junction temperature | 150 | °C |

1690 B-05

This advanced information on a new products now in development or undergoing evaluation. Details are subject to change without notice.



SGS45R80

THERMAL DATA

| | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| $R_{thj-case}$ | Thermal resistance junction-case | max 0.9 °C/W |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{case} = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

| Parameters | | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|------------------------------|--|------|------------|------------|---------------|
| I_R | Reverse Current | $V = V_R$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ $V = V_R$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | | 100 4 | μA mA |
| $V_F(*)$ | Forward voltage | $I_F = 45A$ $T_{case} = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 45A$ $T_{case} = 125^\circ C$ | | 1.3 1.3 | 1.5 1.5 | V |
| t_{rr} | Reverse recovery time | $I_F = 1A$ $di/dt = 50A/\mu s$ $V_R = 30V$ $I_F = 45A$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ $V_R = 30V$ | | | 125 400 | ns ns |
| Q_{rr} | Recovered charge | $I_F = 45A$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ $V_R = 30V$ | | 3 | | μC |
| V_{FP} | Forward recovery overvoltage | $I_F = 45A$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ | | 11 | | V |

* Pulsed: pulse duration $\leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

Fig. 1 Forward overvoltage vs. current slope

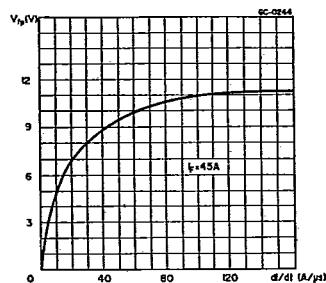


Fig. 2 Reverse leakage current vs. junction temperature

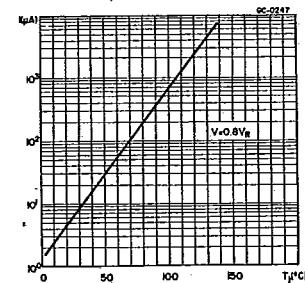


Fig. 3 Voltage drop vs. forward current

