

UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL LOGIC AND INTERFACE CIRCUIT

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SAA1029 is a universal bipolar logic and interface IC with high noise immunity and operational stability for industrial control applications. The most fundamental industrial control functions can be accomplished with only one SAA1029 IC. Figure 1 shows the logic configuration.

The IC comprises,

- (1) Gate 1: 4-input AND gate with 1 inverted input,
- (2) Gate 2: 3-input AND gate with 1 inverted input and adjustable propagation delay,
- (3) Gate 3: 2-input AND gate with 1 inverted input.

The SAA1029 can be used as direct interface with LOCMOS (CMOS) ICs for realizing more complex functions. Therefore, the output signal can be limited to the voltage level of the common output clamping pin Z.

The propagation delay of NAND gate 2 is adjustable from microseconds to seconds by using an external capacitor at pin C. This makes it possible to adapt the control frequency limits to the system, so the optimum dynamic noise immunity can be achieved.

All the static and dynamic circuit values (including the output voltage) are independent of the supply voltage over a wide operating range. This allows the use of a simple unstabilized power supply.

The output is held to the LOW state automatically during switching on the power supply, so a special reset pulse can be omitted.

Features

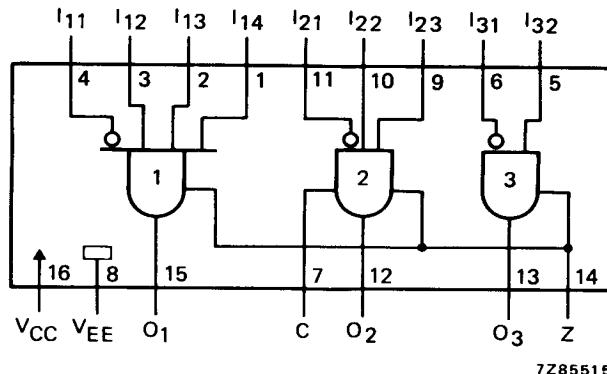
- Simple realization of the basic industrial control functions (logic functions, timing functions, memory functions).
- High dynamic and static noise immunity.
- High operation stability.
- Short-circuit protection of inputs and outputs to both V_{EE} and V_{CC} .
- Wide supply voltage range, so a simple power supply can be used.
- Wire interruption results in a safe input LOW state.
- LOCMOS (CMOS) compatible.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Supply voltage range	V_{CC}	14 to 31,2 V
Operating ambient temperature range	T_{amb}	-30 to + 85 °C
Input voltage HIGH	V_{IH}	6,5 to 44 V
Output voltage HIGH (without clamping)	V_{OH}	13 to 30 V
Output voltage HIGH (with clamping at pin Z)	V_{OH}	2,0 to ($V_{CC} - 0,7$) V
Input current	I_I	max. 10 mA
Quiescent supply current	I_{CC}	typ. 7,8 mA

PACKAGE OUTLINE

16-lead DIL; plastic (SOT38).



Logic equations:

$$O_1 = \overline{I_{11}} \cdot I_{12} \cdot I_{13} \cdot I_{14}$$

$$O_2 = \overline{I_{21}} \cdot I_{22} \cdot I_{23}$$

$$O_3 = \overline{I_{31}} \cdot I_{32}$$

Fig. 1 Logic diagram.

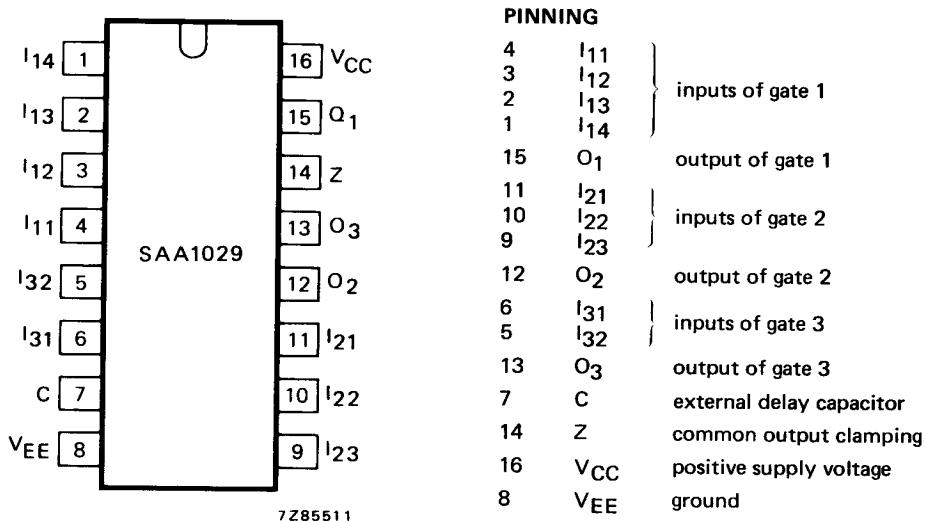


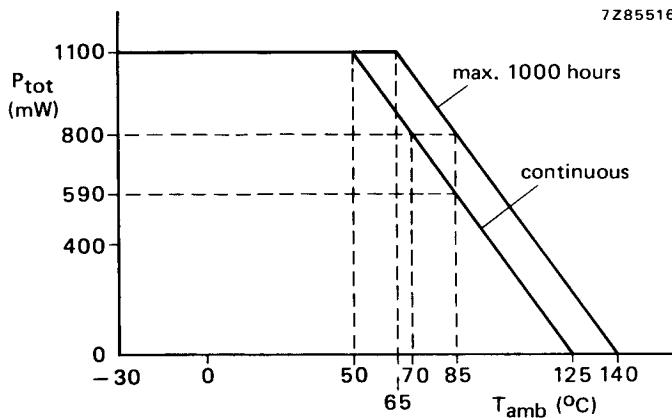
Fig. 2 Pinning diagram.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Supply voltage range	V_{CC}	0 to + 35 V
Input voltage (independent of V_{CC})	V_I	-0,15 to + 44 V
Output clamping voltage (pin 14)	V_Z	0 to + 35 V
Voltage at any output (pins 12, 13 and 15)		
pin 14 (Z) open	V_O	-0,15 to V_{CC} V
pin 14 (Z) at V_Z	V_O	max. V_Z V or V_{CC} if $V_{CC} < V_Z$
Current into any input		
d.c.	$\pm I_I$	max. 10 mA
$t_p = 0,5 \mu s$; $\delta = 0,1\%$ (peak value)	$\pm I_{IM}$	max. 100 mA
Sum of input currents		
d.c.	ΣI_I	-90 to + 10 mA
$t_p = 0,5 \mu s$; $\delta = 0,1\%$ (peak value)	ΣI_{IM}	-900 to + 300 mA
External applied current at any output (pins 12, 13 and 15)		
pin 14 (Z) open	$\pm I_O$	max. 30 mA
d.c.	$\pm I_{OM}$	max. 500 mA
External applied current at any output (pins 12, 13 and 15)		
pin 14 (Z) at V_Z	I_O	-30 to + 10 mA
d.c.	I_O	-500 to + 100 mA
$t_p = 0,5 \mu s$; $\delta = 0,1\%$ (peak value)	V_C	-0,15 to + 6 V
Voltage at pin 7 (C)		any value
External capacitor at pin 7 (C)		
Short-circuit of outputs (pins 12, 13 and 15)		
pin 14 (Z) open		allowed to V_{CC} and V_{EE} (0 V)
at $V_Z < V_{CC}$		allowed only to V_{EE} (0 V)
Total power dissipation (see also Fig. 3)		
at $T_{amb} = 50^\circ C$; continuous	P_{tot}	max. 1100 mW
at $T_{amb} = 65^\circ C$; max. 1000 hours	P_{tot}	max. 1100 mW
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-40 to + 150 °C

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Fig. 3 Power derating curves; $R_{th j-a} = 70 \text{ K/W}$.

CHARACTERISTICS

At $T_{amb} = -30$ to $+85$ °C; $T_j \leq 125$ °C; $V_{CC} = 14$ to 31.2 V; unless otherwise specified

parameter	conditions	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Supply voltage		V_{CC}	14	24	31,2	V
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	—	7,8	—	mA
	$V_{CC} = 31$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C	I_{CC}	—	—	12,2	mA
	$I_{CC1} = I_{CC}$ at $T_j = 125$ °C	I_{CC1}	—	—	—	mA
	$I_{CC2} = I_{CC}$ at $T_j = 25$ °C	I_{CC2}	—	0,67	—	mA
Quiescent current ratio		V_{IL}	—	—	5	V
	V_{IH}	V_{IH}	6,5	—	—	V
	V_{IH}	V_{IH}	6,55	—	—	V
Input voltage LOW		$-I_{IL}$	—	—	100	μA
Input voltage HIGH		$-I_{IL}$	—	—	95	μA
Input current LOW		I_{IH}	300	—	—	μA
Input current HIGH		dV/dt	3	—	—	V/ms
Rate of change of input signal		$V_I = 1$ V	—	—	120	μA
Input current*		$V_I = 35$ V	$-I_I$	—	280	μA
	$V_Z = V_{CC} - 1$ V	V_Z	—	—	30	V
Output clamping voltage*		$V_{CC} = 14$ V	—	—	—	—
Output voltage without clamping (pin 14 open)*		$V_{CC} = 14$ V	—	—	—	—
non-inverting input: $V_I = 5,1$ V		$I_O = 1,32$ mA	—	—	1	V
inverting input: $V_I = 6,3$ V		$I_O = 2,91$ mA	—	—	1,5	V
LOW		$-I_O = 5$ mA	V_{OL}	V_{OL}	—	V
HIGH		$V_{CC} = 31,2$ V	V_{OH}	$V_{CC}-1,4$	—	V
	$V_Z < V_{CC}-1$ V	V_{OL}	—	—	—	—
Output voltage with clamping (pin 14 at V_Z)*		$I_O = 1,32$ mA	—	—	1	V
LOW		$I_O = 1,91$ mA	V_{OL}	V_{OL}	—	V
			—	—	1,5	V

* At $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $V_{CC} = 24$ V; unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	conditions	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
HIGH	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ $-I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$ $-I_O = 3 \text{ mA}$	V_{OH} V_{OH} V_{OH}	$(V_Z - 0,475)$ $(V_Z - 0,455)$ $(V_Z - 0,41)$	—	$(V_Z + 0,225)$ $(V_Z + 0,12)$ $(V_Z + 0,055)$	V V V
Output short-circuit current*	output at V _{CC} output at V _{EE} (0 V)	I_{oscL} $-I_{oscH}$ I_C	2,95 10,1 —	— — 30	9,6 21,9 —	mA mA μA
LOW-signal						
HIGH-signal						
Capacitor charging current*						
Propagation delays*						
gates 1, 2 and 3						
HIGH to LOW						
LOW to HIGH						
gate 2						
HIGH to LOW						
LOW to HIGH						
C = 0 (at gate 2)						
C = 47 nF ± 1%						
R _{insulation} > 100 MΩ						

* At $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC} = 24 \text{ V}$; unless otherwise specified.

CHARACTERISTICS (worst case conditions)At $T_j = +125$ to $+140^\circ\text{C}$; maximum 1000 hours

parameter	conditions	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Input voltage LOW		V_{IL}	-	-	5	V
Input voltage HIGH		V_{IH}	6,55	-	-	V
Input current	$V_I = 1 \text{ to } 44 \text{ V}$	I_I	95	-	300	μA
Change of input current overdrive of other inputs $\Sigma(-I_I) < 10 \text{ mA}$		ΔI_I	-	-	120	μA
overdrive of other inputs $\Sigma(-I_I) < 90 \text{ mA}$		ΔI_I	-	-	158	μA
Input voltage by current overdrive	$\Sigma(-I_I) = 10 \text{ mA}$	V_I	46	-	65	V
Output voltage without clamping (pin 14 open)	$ O_L \leq 0,095 \text{ mA}$ $ O_L = 0,095 \text{ to } 1 \text{ mA}$ $ O_L = 1 \text{ to } 2,5 \text{ V}$ $-I_{OH} \leqslant 5 \text{ mA}$	V_{OL} V_{OL} V_{OL} V_{OH}	-	-	0,35 1 1,5 -	V V V V
HIGH						
Output voltage with clamping (pin 14 at V_Z)	$V_Z = 2,5 \text{ to } VCC - 1 \text{ V}$ $ O_H = 0 \text{ mA}$ $ O_H = 1 \text{ mA}$ $ O_H = 3 \text{ mA}$ $ O_H = 0 \text{ mA}; V_Z = 0 \text{ V}$	V_{OH} V_{OH} V_{OH} V_{OH}	$(V_Z - 0,5)$ $(V_Z - 0,5)$ $(V_Z - 0,5)$ -	-	$(V_Z + 0,245)$ $(V_Z + 0,15)$ V_Z $0,75$	V V V V
Output short-circuit current						
LOW-signal	output at VCC	I_{OscL}	-	-	11	mA
HIGH-signal	output at $V_{EE} (0 \text{ V})$	$-I_{OscH}$	5	-	28,5	mA
HIGH-signal	output at $V_{EE} (0 \text{ V})$ $ T_j = 140^\circ\text{C}$	$-I_{OscH}$	-	-	10	mA

Parameter	conditions	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Current out of pin 14 (I_Z) when currents are forced into outputs	$-I_O \leq 3 \text{ mA}$ $\Sigma I_O = (I_{O1} + I_{O2} + I_{O3})$	$-I_Z$	-	-	2,2	mA
Current into pin 14 (Z) when inputs are set for output to be LOW	$-I_O = (I_{O1} + I_{O2} + I_{O3})$ $-I_O = 30 \text{ mA}; V_O \leq V_{EE}$ input and/or output voltages are negative with respect to V_{EE}	$-I_Z$	ΣI_O	-	-	mA
Supply current change		$\Delta I_{CC\max}$	-	-	300	μA
Propagation delays gates 1 and 3 HIGH to LOW LOW to HIGH gate 2 HIGH to LOW LOW to HIGH HIGH to LOW LOW to HIGH Voltage spikes output LOW	{ without capacitor with capacitor; C in μF see note 1 }	t_{PHL} t_{PLH} t_{PHL} t_{PLH} t_{PHL} t_{PLH} t_{PHL} t_{PLH} V_{OL}	1 1 0,1 0,3 38 \times C 142 \times C -	- - - - - - -	7 7 4 6 113 \times C 334 \times C 2	μs μs μs μs μs μs V

Note to the characteristics

1. V_{CC} rising from 0 to 14 V; all inputs open; internally it is guaranteed that the input threshold voltage $V_{IL} > V_{OL}$.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The following figures (Figs 4 to 11) give some examples of the basic industrial control functions.

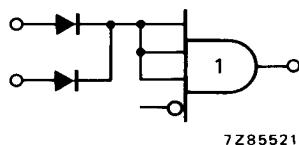


Fig. 4 OR function.

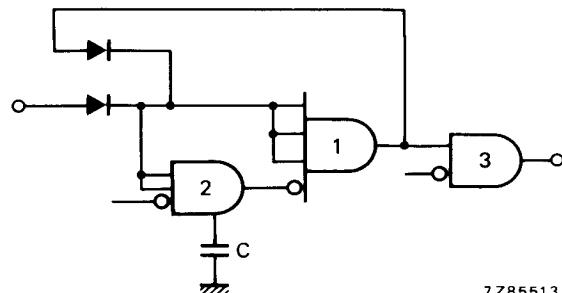
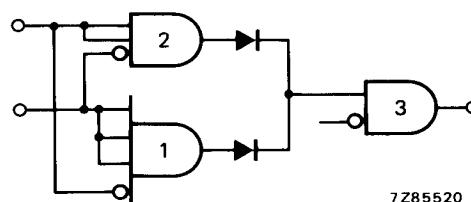
Fig. 8 Monostable flip-flop; for $C = 4,7 \mu\text{F}$,
1 s no reaction.

Fig. 5 EXCLUSIVE-OR function.

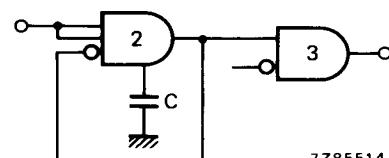


Fig. 9 Start delay function.

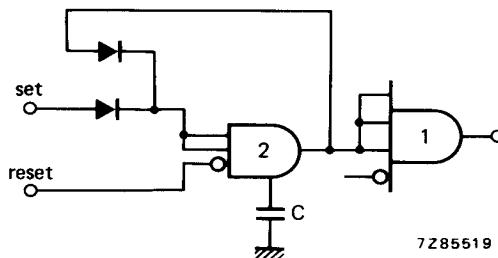


Fig. 6 Delayed memory; reset is dominating.

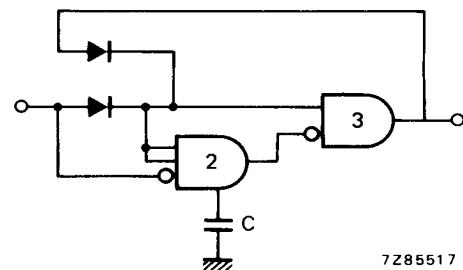


Fig. 10 Decay delay function.

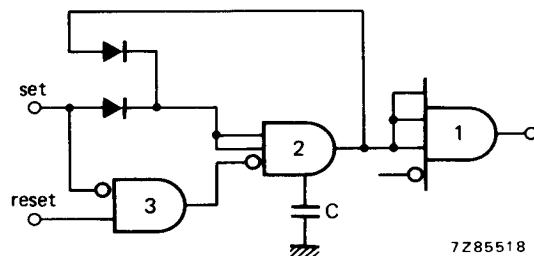


Fig. 7 Delayed memory; set is dominating.

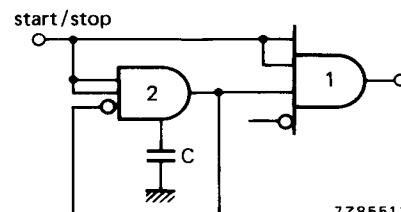


Fig. 11 Square-wave oscillator.