

AK4518

Low Power 16 bit Δ Σ ADC & DAC with HPF

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

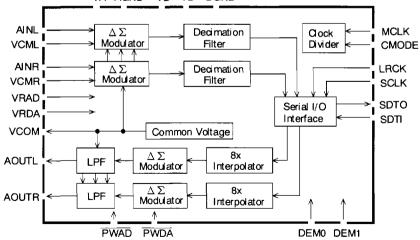
AK4518 is low voltage 16bit A/D & D/A converter for portable digital audio system. In the AK4518, the loss of accuracy form clock jitter is also improved by using SCF techniques for on-chip post filter. Analog signal input/output of the AK4518 are single-ended, therefore, external filter is not required.

The AK4518 is low power dissipation and be able to powered-down ADC and DAC independently, so the AK4518 is suitable for portable digital audio system.

FEATURES

- ☐ HPF for DC-offset cancel (fc=3.4Hz)
- □ Single-ended ADC
 - S/(N+D): 83dB
 - Dynamic Range, S/N: 90dB
- □ Single-ended DAC
 - 2nd order SCF + 2nd order CTF
 - Digital de-emphasis for 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz sampling
 - S/(N+D): 83dB
 - Dynamic Range, S/N: 93dB
- □ Audio I/F format
 - ADC:16bit MSB justified, DAC:16bit LSB justified, MSB First, 2's Compliment
- ☐ High Jitter Tolerance
- □ Sampling Rate: 8kHz to 50kHz
- ☐ Master Clock: 256fs or 384fs or 512fs
- □ Power Supply: 2.4 to 3.6V
- □ Low Power Dissipation: 41.1mW at 3.0V
- ☐ Small 24pin VSOP Package
- ☐ Pin compatibility with AK4512/AK4514

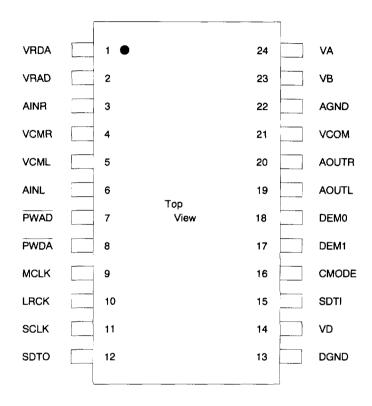
VA AGND VB VD DGND



Ordering Guide

AK4518VF -10 \sim +70 $^{\circ}$ 24pinVSOP (0.65mm Pitch) AKD4518 Evaluation board for AK4518

■ Pin Layout



PIN / FUNCTION

No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function			
1	VRDA	ı	Voltage Reference Input Pin for DAC, VA			
2	VRAD	1	Voltage Reference Input Pin for ADC, VA			
3	AINR	l I	Rch Analog Input Pin			
4	VCMR	0	Rch Common Voltage Output Pin, 0.45 x VA			
			Normally connected to AGND with a 0.1uF Ceramic capacitor in parallel			
			with a 4.7uF electrolytic.			
5	VCML	0	Lch Common Voltage Output Pin, 0.45 x VA			
			Normally connected to AGND with a 0.1uF Ceramic capacitor in parallel with a 4.7uF electrolytic.			
6	AINL	1	Lch Analog Input Pin			
7	PWAD	<u> </u>	ADC Power-Down Mode Pin "L": Power down			
8	PWDA	1	DAC Power-Down Mode Pin "L": Power down			
9	MCLK	1	Master Clock Input Pin			
10	LRCK	<u>;</u>	Input/Output Channel Clock Pin			
11	SCLK	1	Audio Serial Data Clock Pin			
12	SDTO	0	Audio Serial Data Output Pin			
13	DGND	-	Digital Ground Pin			
14	VD	-	Digital Power Supply Pin			
15	SDTI	1	Audio Serial Data Input Pin			
16	CMODE	1	Master Clock Select Pin			
			"H": 384fs or 512fs, "L": 256fs			
17	DEM1		De-emphasis Frequency Select Pin			
18	DEM0	1	De-emphasis Frequency Select Pin			
19	AOUTL	0	Lch Analog Output Pin			
20	AOUTR	0	Rch Analog Output Pin			
21	VCOM	0	Common Voltage Output Pin, 0.45 x VA			
	: 		Normally connected to AGND with a 0.1uF Ceramic capacitor in parallel			
			with a 4.7uF electrolytic.			
22	AGND		Analog Ground Pin			
23	VB	-	Substrate Pin			
24	VA	<u>i - </u>	Analog Power Supply Pin			

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(AGND,DGND=0V; Note 1)

	Parameter		min	max	Units
Power Supplies:	Analog	VA	-0.3	4.6	V
	Digital	VD	-0.3	4.6	V
	Substrate	VB	-0.3	4.6	V
	VD-VB	VDB	-	0.3	V
Input Current, Any	Pin Except Supplies	IIN	-	± 10	mA
Analog Input Voltag	e	VINA	-0.3	VA+0.3	V
Digital Input Voltage	9	VIND	-0.3	VB+0.3	V
Ambient Temperatu	re (power applied)	Ta	-10	70	C
Storage Temperatu	Tstg	-65	150	r	

Note: 1 . All voltages with respect to ground

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent dynamic to the device.

Normal operation not guaranteed at these extremes.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(AGND,DGND=0V; Note 1)

Paramete	er	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Power Supplies:	Analog	VA	2.4	3.0	3.6	V
(Note 2)	Digital	VD	2.4	3.0	VA	V
	Substrate (Note 3)	VB	2.4	3.0	3.6	V
Voltage Referenc	VREF	0.75xVA	-	VA	V	

Note: 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

- 2. VA should be powered at the same time or earlier than VD.
- 3. Connect to VA.

ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C; VA,VB,VD,VRAD,VRDA=3.0V; fs=44.1kHz; Signal Frequency=1kHz; Measurement frequency=10Hz $^{\sim}$ 20kHz; unless otherwise specified)

	icy=10H2 20KH2, unles		T .	i	
Parameter		min	typ	max	Units
ADC Analog Input Charac	cteristics(Note 4): Analo	g Source Im	pedance=47		
Resolution				16	Bits
S/(N+D)	_	75	83		dB
DR (-60dB Input, A-Weig	hted)	84	90		dB
S/N (A-Weigh	nted)	84	90		dB
Interchannel Isolation		80	90		dB
Interchannel Gain Misma	tch		0.2	0.3	dB
Input Voltage	(Note 5)	1.62	1.8	1.98	Vpp
Input Resistance		30	50		kΩ
Power Supply Rejection	(Note 6)		50		dB
DAC Analog Output Char	acteristics: (Note 7)				
Resolution				16	Bits
S/(N+D)		75	83		dB
DR (-60dB Output, A-We	ighted)	87	93		dB
S/N (A-Weigh	nted)	87	93		dB
Interchannel Isolation		90	100		dB
Interchannel Gain Misma	tch		0.2	0.3	dB
Output Voltage	(Note 5)	1.62	1.8	1.98	Vpp
Load Resistance		10			kΩ
Power Supply Rejection	(Note 6)		50		dB
Power Supplies				•	
Power Supply Current		i			
Analog: VA+VB					
AD. DA	PWAD="H",PWDA="H"	-	10 5	150	4
AD+DA			10.5	15.8	mA
AD	PWAD="H",PWDA="L"		4.8	7.2	mA
DA (Nata 2)	PWAD="L",PWDA="H"		6.5	9.8	mA
Power down (Note 8)	PWAD="L",PWDA="L"	-	20	100	. uA
Digital: VD		-	1		
AD+DA	PWAD="H",PWDA="H"		3.2	4.8	mA
AD PWAD="H",PWDA="L"			2.0	3.0	mA
DA	PWAD="L",PWDA="H"		1.5	2.3	mA
Power down (Note 8)	PWAD="L",PWDA="L"		10	50	· uA
Power consumption		_	1		
AD+DA	PWAD="H",PWDA="H"		41.1	61.8	. mW
AD	PWAD="H",PWDA="L"		20.4	30.6	mW
DA	PWAD="L",PWDA="H"		24.0	36.3	mW
Power down (Note 8)			90	450	uW
rower down (Note 8)	FYVADE L , PVVDA= L		90	400	: uvv

Notes: 4. The offset of ADC is removed by internal HPF.

- Input/Output of ADC and DAC scales with VA voltage to connect VRAD and VRDA pins.
 ADC: 0.6 x VA(typ), DAC: 0.6 x VA(typ)
- 6. PSR is applied to VA, VD with 1kHz, 50mV. VRAD, VRDA pins are held constant voltage.
- 7. Measured by AD725C (SHIBASOKU). RMS mode.
- 8. In case of power-down mode, all digital input pins including clocks pins(MCLK, SCLK, LRCK) are held VD or DGND.

FILTER CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 $^{\circ}$; VA,VD=2.4 $^{\circ}$ 3.6V; fs=44.1kHz; DEM0="1", DEM1="0")

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units	
ADC Digital Filter(Decimation	LPF):					
Passband (Note 9)	± 0.1dB	PB	0		19.0	kHz
	-0.55dB	:		20.0		kHz
	-3.0dB			22.1		kHz
Stopband		SB	30.1			kHz
Passband Ripple		PR			±_0.1	dB
Stopband Attenuation		SA	70			dB
Group Delay	(Note 10)	GD		9		1/fs
Group Delay Distortion		∆ GD			0	us
ADC Digital Filter(HPF):						
Frequency Response	-3dB	FR		3.4		Hz
(Note 9)	-0.5dB			10		Hz
	-0.1dB			22		Hz
DAC Digital Filter:						
Passband (Note 9)	± 0.1dB	PB	0		20.0	kHz
	-6.0dB			22.05		kHz
Stopband		SB	24.1			kHz
Passband Ripple	PR			± 0.06	dB	
Stopband Attenuation	SA	43			dB	
Group Delay	GD		14.8		1/fs	
DAC Digital Filter+Analog Filt	er:					
Frequency Response 0~	20.0kHz	FR		± 0.5		dB

Notes: 9: The passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs.

For examples, 20.0kHz at ADC:-0.55dB, DAC:-0.1dB is 0.454 x fs.

^{10.} The calculating delay time which occurred by digital filtering. This time is from the input of analog signal to setting the 16bit data of both channels to the output register for ADC. For DAC, this time is from setting the 16bit data of both channels on input register to the output of analog signal.

DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 ℃; VA,VD=2.4 ~ 3.6V)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
High-Level Input Voltage	VIH	70%VD	-	-	٧
Low-Level Input Voltage	VIL	-	-	30%VD	V
High-Level Output Voltage (lout=-20uA)	VOH	VD-0.1	-	-	٧
Low-Level Output Voltage (Iout=20uA)	VOL	-		0.1	V
Input Leakage Current	lin	-	-	± 10	uА

SWITING CHARACTERISTICS

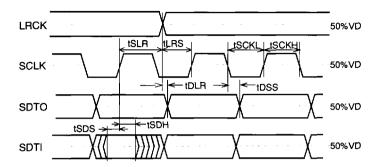
(Ta=25 ℃; VA,VD=2.4 ~ 3.6V; CL=20pF)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Unit
Master Clock Timing	fCLK	2.048	11.2896	12.8	MHz	
	Pulse Width Low	tCLKL	28	İ		ns
	Pulse Width High	tCLKH	28			ns
	384fs:	fCLK	3.072	16.9344	19.2	MHz
	Pulse Width Low	tCLKL	23			ns
	Pulse Width High	tCLKH	. 23			ns
	512fs:	fCLK	4.096	22.5792	25.6	MHz
	Pulse Width Low	tCLKL	16			ns
	Pulse Width High	tCLKH	16			ns
LRCK Frequency		fs	8	44.1	50	kHz
Duty Cycle			45		55	%
Serial Interface Timing	l			ì		
SCLK Period		tSCK	312.5			ns
SCLK Pulse Widt	h Low	tSCKL	130	:		ns
Pulse Width	n High	tSCKH	130			ns
LRCK Edge to SC	CLK " ↑ " (Note 11)	tLRS	50			ns
SCLK " ↑ " to LF	RCK Edge (Note 11)	tSLR	50	1		ns
LRCK to SDTO(M	1SB)	tDLR		i	80	ns
SCLK " ↓ " to SE	tDSS			80	ns	
SDTI Hold Time	tSDH	50	1		ns	
SDTI Setup Time	tSDS	50	<u> </u>		ns	
Reset Timing				i		
PWAD or PWDA	Pulse Width	tPW	150			ns
PWAD " ↑ " to S	DTO valid (Note 12)	tPWV		8224		1/fs

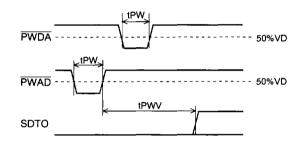
Notes: 11. SCLK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge.

12. These cycles are the number of LRCK rising from PWAD rising.

■ Timing Diagram



Serial Interface Timing



Reset & Initialize Timing

OPERATION OVERVIEW

■ System Clock Input

The AK4518 with CMODE is used to select either MCLK=256fs or 384fs or 512fs. The relationship between the external clock applied to the MCLK input and the desired sample rate is defined in Table 1. The LRCK clock input must be synchronized with MCLK, however the phase is not critical.

When CMODE is "H", the MCLK can be input 384fs or 512fs, the internal master clock is divided into 2/3 automatically. *fs is sampling frequency.

When the synchronization is out of phase by changing the clock frequencies during normal operation, AK4518 may occur click noise. ADC dose not have a limit on a change timing, however, as ADC output may not meet 16bit serial data of changing in front and behind, output data should make "0" data by force from the outside. Click noise occurs when DAC is input except "0" data.

All external clocks(MCLK, SCLK, LRCK) must be present unless PWDA and PWAD ="L". If these clocks are not provided, the AK4518 may draw excess current and may not possibly operate properly because the device utilizes dynamic refreshed logic internally.

	MCLK		SCLK			
fs	CMODE="L"	CMODE="H"		64fs	32fs	
	256fs	384fs	512fs			
32.0kHz	8.1920MHz	12.2880MHz	16.3840MHz	2.048MHz	1.0240MHz	
44.1kHz	11.2896MHz	16.9344MHz	22.5792MHz	2.822MHz	1.4112MHz	
48.0kHz	12.2880MHz	18.4320MHz	24.5760MHz	3.072MHz	1.5360MHz	

Table 1. System Clock example

Audio Serial Interface Format

Data is shifted in/out the SDTI/SDTO pins using SCLK and LRCK inputs. The data is MSB fist, 2's compliment.

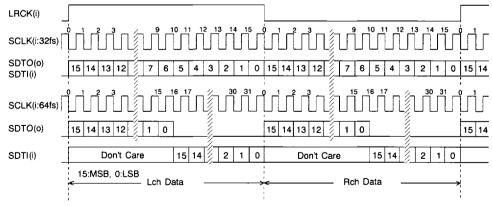


Figure 1. Audio Interface Timing

■ De-emphasis filter

The DAC of AK4518 includes the digital de-emphasis filter(tc=50/15us) by IIR filter. This filter corresponds to three frequencies(32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz). The de-emphasis filter selected by DEM0 and DEM1 is enabled for input audio data. The de-emphasis is also disabled at DEM0="1" and DEM1="0".

DEM1	DEM0	Mode
0	0	44.1kHz
0	1	OFF
1	0	48kHz
1	1	32kHz

Table 2. De-emphasis filter control

■ Digital High Pass Filter

The AK4518 has a Digital High Pass Filter(HPF) for DC-offset cancel. The cut-off frequency of the HPF is 3.4Hz at fs=44.1kHz and the frequency response at 20Hz is -0.12dB. It also scales with the sampling frequency(fs).

Power down & Reset

The ADC and DAC of AK4518 are placed in the power-down mode by bringing each power down pin, PWAD, PWDA "L" independently and each digital filter is also reset at the same time. This reset should always be done after power-up. In case of the ADC, an analog initialization cycle starts after exiting the power-down mode. Therefore, the output data, SDTO becomes available after 8224 cycles of LRCK clock. This initialization cycle does not affect the DAC operation.

Figure 2 shows the power-up sequence when the ADC is powered up before the DAC power-up.

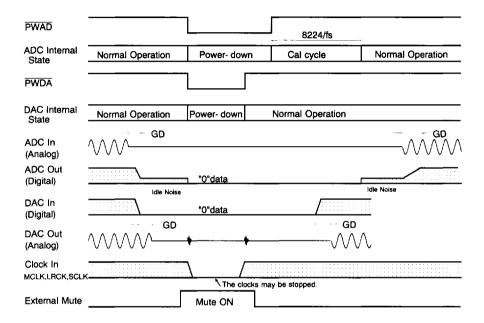


Figure 2. Power-up sequence

M0005-E-01 1998/02

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SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 3 shows the system connection diagram. An evaluation board[AKD4518] is available which demonstrates application circuits, optimum layout, power supply arrangements and measurement results.

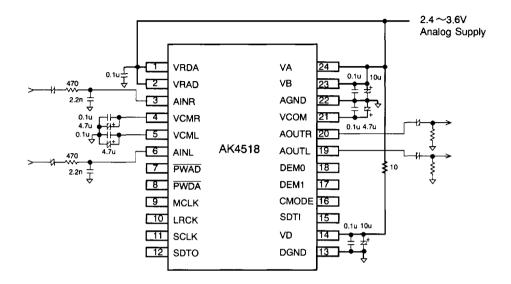


Figure 3. System Connection Diagram Example

NOTE:

- LRCK=fs, SCLK ≥ 32fs, MCLK=256fs at CKS="L", MCLK=384fs at CKS="H".
- Power supply lines of VA and VD should be distributed separately from the point with low impedance of regulator etc.
- When AOUT drives some capacitive load, some resistor should be added in series between AOUT and capacitive load.
- Electrolystic capacitor value of VCOM depends on low frequency noise of supply voltage.

1. Grounding and Power Supply Decouping

The AK4518 requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements. The VA and VB are connected together through the chip substrate and have several ohm resistance. When VD and VA are supplied separately, VA and VB should not be the higher voltage than VD. And VA and VB should be powered at the same time or earlier than VD. If so not, VA is supplied from analog supply in system and VD is supplied from VA via 10 ohms resistor. (refer to Figure 3)

System analog ground and digital ground should be connected together near to where the supplies are brought onto the printed circuit board. Decoupling capacitors should be as near to the AK4518 as possible, with the small value ceramic capacitor being nearest.

2. Voltage reference

The differential voltage between VRAD and VRDA sets the analog input/output range. VRAD and VRDA pins are normally connected to VA with a 0.1uF ceramic capacitor. VCOM is a signal ground of this chip. An electrolystic less than 4.7uF in parallel with a 0.1uF ceramic capacitor attached to these pins eliminates the effects of high frequency noise. No load current may be drawn from VCOM pin. All signals, especially clock, should be kept away from the VRAD, VRDA, VCOM pins in order to avoid unwanted coupling into the AK4518.

3. Analog Inputs

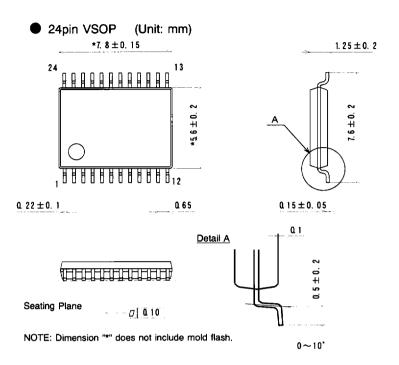
ADC inputs are single-ended and internally biased to VCML & VCMR with 50k Ω (typ). The input signal range scales with the supply voltage and nominally 0.6 x VA Vpp(typ). The ADC output data format 2's compliment. The output code is 7FFFH(@16bit) for input above a positive full scale and 8000H(@16bit) for input below a negative full scale. The ideal code is 0000H(@16bit) with no input signal.

The AK4518 samples the analog inputs at 64fs. The digital filter rejects noise above the stop band except for multiples of 64fs. A simple RC filter(fc=150kHz) may be used to attenuate any noise around 64fs and most audio signals do not have significant energy at 64fs.

5. Analog Outputs

The analog outputs are also single-ended and centered around the VCOM voltage. The input signal range scales with the supply voltage and nominally 0.6 x VA Vpp(typ). The DAC input data format is 2's compliment. The output voltage is a positive full scale for 7FFFH(@16bit) and a negative full scale for 8000H(@16bit). The ideal output is VCOM voltage for 0000H(@16bit). If the noise generated by the delta-sigma modulator beyond the audio band would be the problem, the attenuation by external filter is required.

PACKAGE

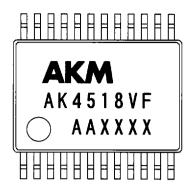


■ Material & Lead finish

Package molding compound: Epoxy Lead frame material: Cu

Lead frame surface treatment: Solder plane

MARKING



Consist of AAXXXX

AA : Lot number XXXX : Assembly date